# The Benefits and Steps to Establish a Proactive Maintenance Strategy

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REDLIST

#### Presentation Goals

- Define Proactive Maintenance and its benefits
- Describe critical success factors
- Share Example Standards to Operationalize
- Summary/Steps to consider next
- Q&A

Define Proactive Maintenance and its Benefits











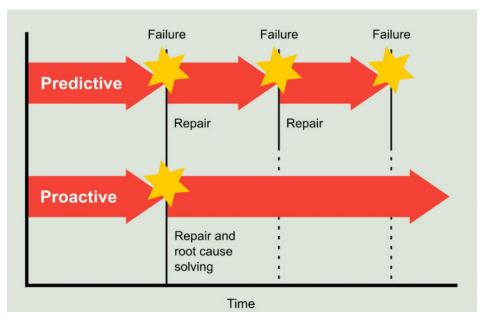
The Benefits and Steps to Establish a Proactive Maintenance

**Asset Management Strategy** 

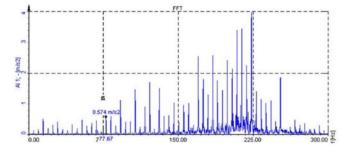
IT TAKES THE VILLAGE;
NOT JUST MAINTENANCE

Its not just about the equipment **PEOPLE ARE THE GREATEST ASSET** 

What is
Proactive Asset
Management?











## Benefits of Proactive Maintenance





- Reduced downtime due to fewer instances of malfunctions and breakdowns.
- Improved equipment reliability, availability, and quality.
- Reduced long-term maintenance costs.
- Fewer productivity and safety issues.
- Reduce waste streams and improve environmental impacts

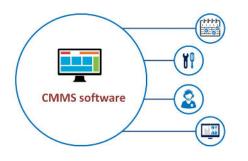
#### Describe Critical Success Factors

## Main Requirements of a Proactive Approach









Commitment from Management; Leadership, Promotion, Resources A Proactive Culture
Driven by Desired
Behaviors,
Leadership,
Standards, Processes,
Metrics, and Rewards
across all functions

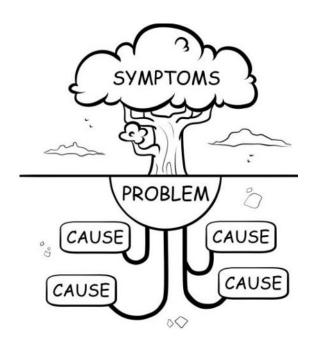
Understanding and applying functional capabilities and equipment conditions; data/root cause driven

Leveraging a CMMS solution and other tools to operationalize the functional standards and processes









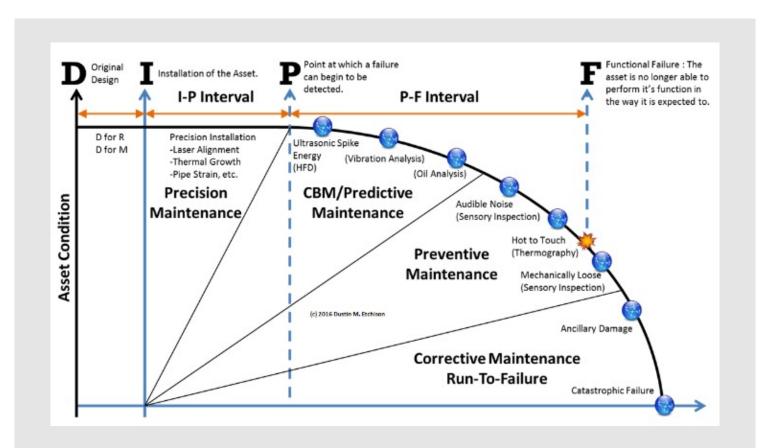
## Optimizing the Approaches Not All Assets are Equal/One Shoe Does Not Fit All

Risk
Management
and
Equipment
Classification

		Impact								
		Very Low	Low	Medium	High	Very High				
Likelihood	Very High									
	High									
	Medium									
	Low									
	Very Low									

Equipment	Description		Criticality				
Number	Description	Safety	Environment	Quality	Economical	Total =	Ranking
PE-002	Pump xyz	4	4	4	1	64	Α
PE-005	Pump ABC	4	4	4	2	128	В
VE-100	Blower YYZ	4	4	4	3	192	С
AG-201	Agitator DBC	0	1	4	4	0	Α
CL-403	Air Conditionning	4	4	4	4	256	D

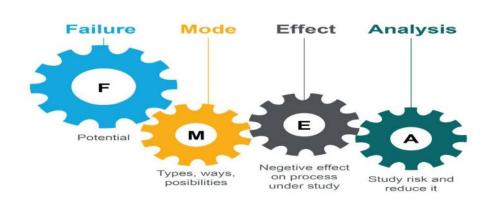
Evaluation Score	Criticality Ranking	
0 ≤ Criticality ≤ 96	Extreme	= A
97 ≤ Criticality ≤ 145	High	= B
146 ≤ Criticality ≤ 193	M oderate	= C
194 ≤ Criticality ≤ 256	Low	= D



Proactive Approach
Touches and Impacts
Curve Optimization

DIPF Curve















## Commitment to FMEA and RCA

Look for Degradation Cause and Detection Methods

Share Example Standards to Operationalize

Establish an Asset

Management Framework

North Star to align

Assess for Continuous Improvement





destructive

Asset Condition

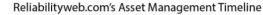
engineering

management

Reliability Engineering



sponsorship



**lubrication** 

elimination



## Internal and External Periodic Assessments











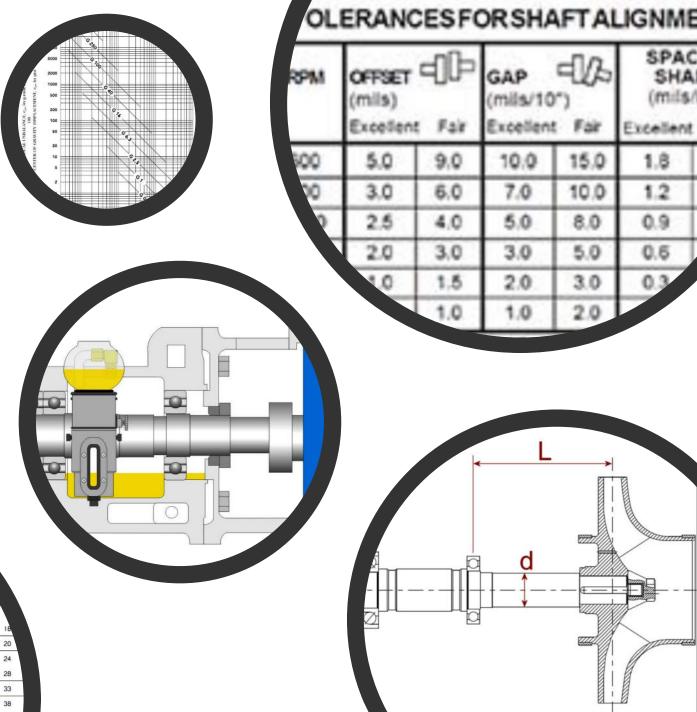




## New/Repair Equipment Design Standards

- Design for Needed Capacity
- L<sup>3</sup>/D<sup>4</sup> for Shaft Stiffness
- Bases and Foundations
- Balance/Alignment/Fits/Clearances
- Lubrication
- Critical Spares Management
- Vendor selection

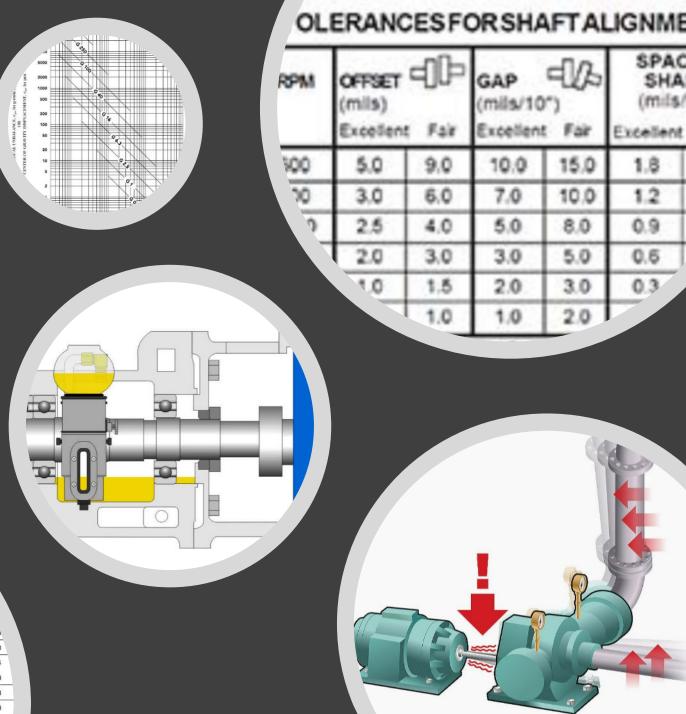
		C	2	Stan	ndard		Cts		
					Acceptant	ce Limite			
	Incl	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High		
	10		3		5	3	9	6	
	18	0	3.5	1	7	4	10	7	
	24		4	2	8	5	11	8	
VS.	30		45	2	0	5	11	9	
	40		43	2	8	6	13	11	1
	50	0.5	45	2.5	9	7	14	12	2
	65	0.5		3.5	11	9	17	15	2
	80		6	4	12	10	20	18	2
	100		7	4.5	14	12	23	21	3
	120		А	6	16	14	26	24	3

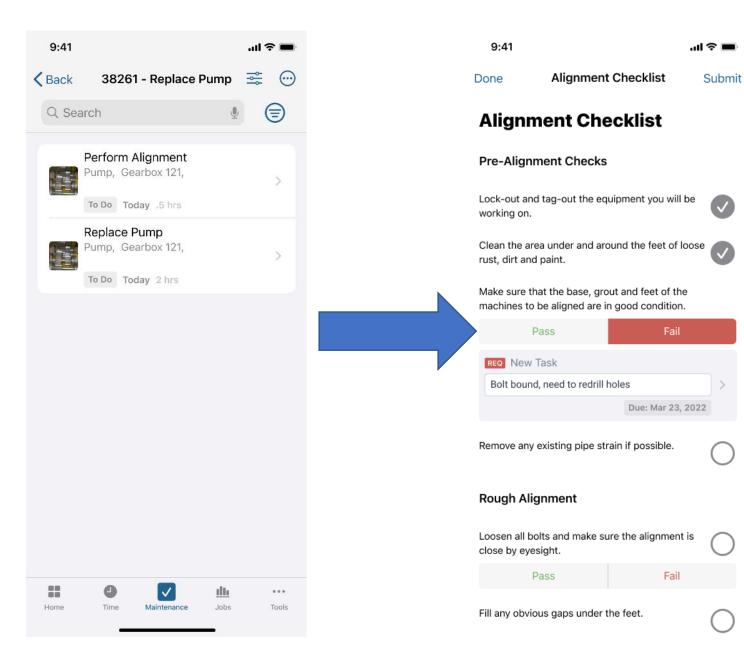


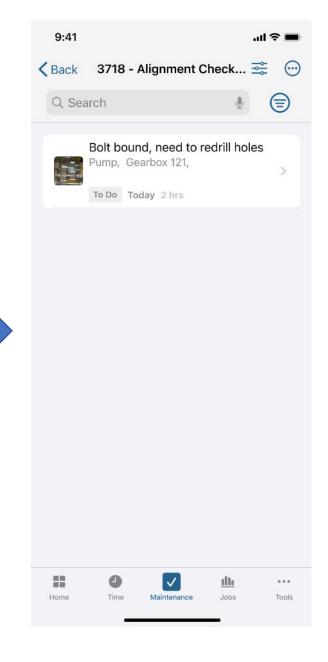
## New/Repair Equipment Installation Standards

- Bases, Foundations, Pipe Strains
- Balance/Alignment/Fits/Clearances/Flows/Pressures
- Spare Part Verification
- Vibration
- Lubrication
- Supervision and Sign off and follow up
- Repair shop expectations

		0	2	Star	dard	(	3		
	incl	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	L	
	10		3	1	5	3	9	6	
	18	0	3.5	,	7	4	10	7	
	24		4	2	8	5	11	8	
24	30		45	2	0	5	11	9	
30	40		45	2	В	6	13	11	18
10	50	0.5	45	2.5	9	7	14	12	2
50	65	0.5	170	3.5	11	9	17	15	24
5	80		6	4	12	10	20	18	21
0	100		7	4.5	14	12	23	21	33
00	120		8	6	16	14	26	24	3

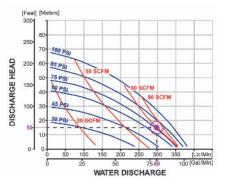


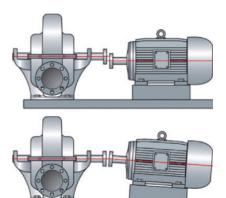




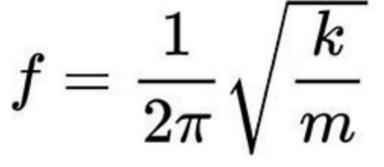
## Condition Monitoring to Attack Forcing Functions

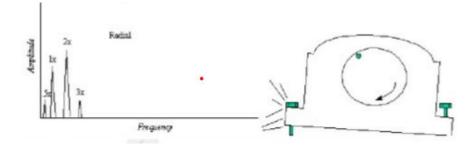
- Performance curve compliance
- Alignment/soft foot
- Balance
- Resonance
- Looseness
- Lube Oil Contamination





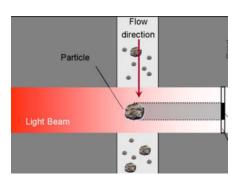


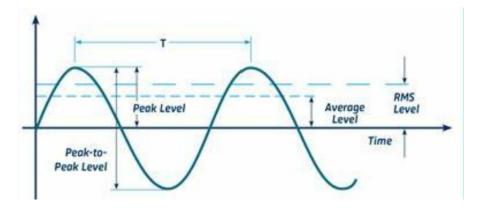




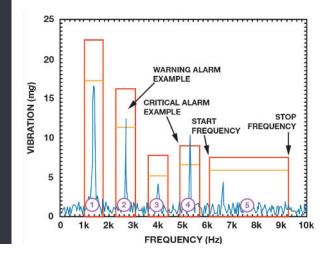
#### Condition Monitoring Standards

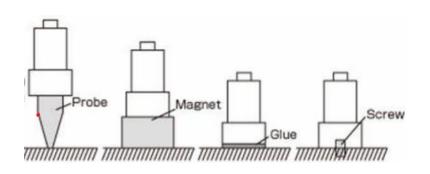
- Parameters Measured
- Data Collection/Analysis Methods
- Frequency of collection
- Data Averaging
- Data Analysis/Alarming
- Communications











#### Lubrication Excellence Standards

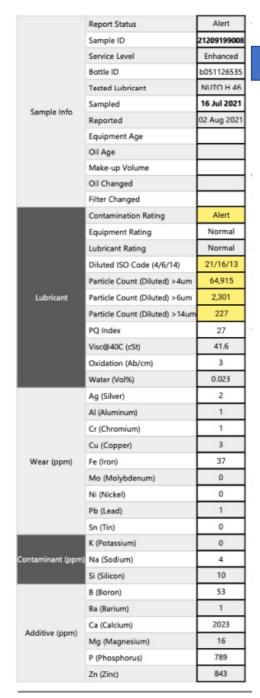
- Lube Selection
- Cleanliness (specifications, S&H, system filtration, CC, monitoring)
- Degradation management
- Optimize oils changes/re-lube
- Application (procedures, feed rates, levels, pressures, workflow/routes, etc.)
- Leakage Control
- Audits

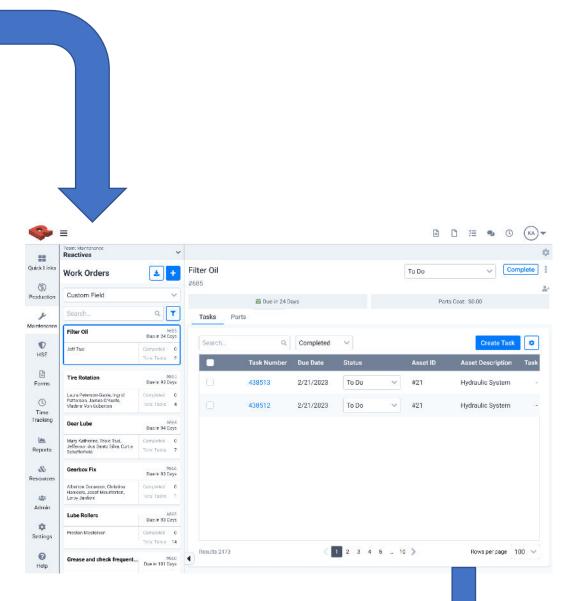
Type of Hydraulic System		m Recomn Inliness Le		Minimum Recommended Filtration Level in Microns $(\beta\chi \ge 100)$	
	ISO 4406	NAS 1638*	SAE 749D		
Silt sensitive	13/10	4	1	2	
Servo	14/11	5	2	3 to 5	
High pressure (250 to 400 bar)	15/12	6	3	5 to 10	
Normal pressure (150 to 250 bar)	16/13	7	4	10 to 12	
Medium pressure (50 to 150 bar)	18/15	9	6	12 to 15	
Low pressure (< 50 bar)	19/16	10	-	20	
Large clearance	21/18	12	-	25	

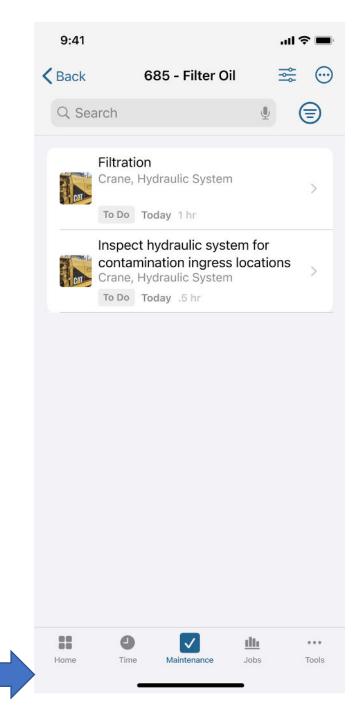












#### People (Asset) Excellence

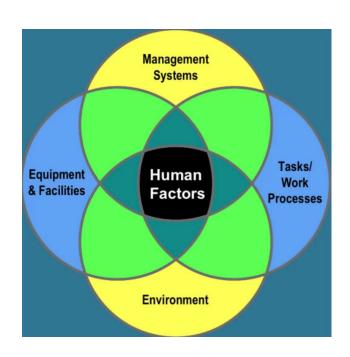
- Leadership and empowerment
- Invest in people development
- Engineer the Human Factor
- Double down on supervisor excellence
- Certification and coaching
- Reward & motivate





- ✓ MLTI
- ✓ MLTII
- ✓ MLAI
- ✓ MLAII
- ✓ MLAIII
- ✓ MLE







### Summary/Steps to consider next

- Build Case for Action
- Gain Management Support/Establish Champions
- Go After a Few Low Hanging Fruit/Reward Success/Build On Success
- Prepare for Root Cause Push Back
- Leverage the Right Tools (CMMS, RCA, FMEA, Vendors, etc.)
- Make Systemic Changes for Sustainment
- Take measured risks, do not be afraid of mistakes, INNOVATE
- HAVE FUN!